



Global Goals

On 25th September 2015, the United Nations agreed to 17 Global Goals to end extreme poverty and improve our world by 2030. But what are these 17 Goals?





No. 1 - No Poverty

Goals:

 By 2030 extreme poverty will be a thing of the past for everyone all over the world. (At the moment extreme poverty means people living on less than £1 per day.)

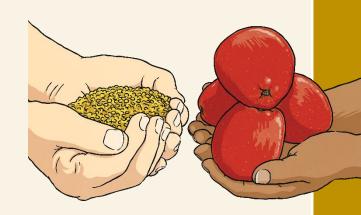
 People will be protected against things like unemployment and have access

to health care.



No. 2 – Zero Hunger

- By 2025, the number of children under 5 who suffer from malnutrition will be reduced by 40%.
- End hunger and malnutrition by improving social programmes for children, mothers and the elderly, and make sure there is enough food all year round.
- Farming should be increased, as well as the pay of small farmers, especially women and indigenous peoples.
- Respect the environment and biodiversity of each region and their resources.



No. 3 – Good Health and Wellbeing

- Reduce and prevent deaths of newborns, young children and new mothers.
- End HIV/AIDS epidemics and other diseases, such as hepatitis, cholera, etc.
- Educate people on mental health issues, as well as alcohol and drug abuse.
- Provide information about family planning and reproductive health.
- Ensure that everyone enjoys the right to health, including medical care, vaccines and medicines.
- Reduce the number of deaths and injuries caused by road traffic accidents, pollution and chemical poisoning.

No. 4 - Quality Education

- Ensure free and equal education for everyone!
- Provide more training opportunities to youth and adults so they can get better jobs.
- Increase the number of trained and qualified teachers and improve school facilities.
- Promote education for sustainable development.



No. 5 – Gender Equality

- End all discrimination and violence against every woman and girl.
- End all practices and traditions that can damage a girl's physical, mental health, like underage marriage, etc.
- Encourage women and girls to be heard and to have real opportunities to participate in all political, economic and public areas.
- Change policies and laws to ensure gender equality to give women equal access to land and property, financial services, inheritance, and natural resources.



No. 6 - Clean Water and Sanitation

Goals:

• Ensure everyone has access to safe water and sanitation.

• Improve public education on healthy hygiene habits.

 Reduce contamination by preventing chemicals or contaminants from being thrown into the water and develop better resources for water's reutilisation.

 Protect and restore water-related ecosystems, for example, mountains, forests, wetlands, rivers, aquifers and lakes.



No. 7 – Affordable and Clean Energy

Goals:

• Increase and promote the global use of renewable energy sources and efficiency.

• Work together to research and develop renewable and other clean energy resources.

 By 2030, expand and upgrade technology for supplying modern, sustainable energy services for all in developing countries.

No. 8 - Decent Work and Economic Growth

Goals:

• Promote decent work and safe working environments for all: men and women, people with disabilities, and migrant workers.

• Respect and protect our natural resources.

 Reduce the number of unemployed young people by creating opportunities for training and take action to give more jobs to young people.

• Stop forced labour and child labour in all forms.



No. 9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure

Goals:

- Provide small businesses with support to help their development.
- Ensure companies are promoting sustainable development and not damaging the environment.
- Provide research to address a country's specific needs and improve technology.

Ensure all have access to the Internet and new technologies, especially those living in least developed countries.



No. 10 – Reduced Inequalities

- Ensure laws and practices do not discriminate against any group, but instead listen to the needs and input of those who are affected.
- Help keep migration safe, regular and responsible.
- Ensure laws and social programmes protect disadvantaged and vulnerable people.
- Make sure that people who leave one country to live in another, benefit from laws to protect them.



No. 11 - Sustainable Cities and Communities

Goals:

Provide safe housing and basic services for all.

 Provide safe, organised transportation that is not harmful to the environment and is able to serve everybody equally.

 Work hard to protect the world's cultural and natural heritage.

 Increase resilience to disasters and tackle climate change.

Carefully monitor waste management and air quality.



No. 12 - Responsible Consumption and Production

- Take care of the air, water and soil by checking international agreements for handling harmful chemicals are being followed.
- Reduce the generation of waste through the three Rs: Reduce, Reuse, and Recycle.
- Keep the public informed and educated, and provide the tools to develop sustainable lifestyles.



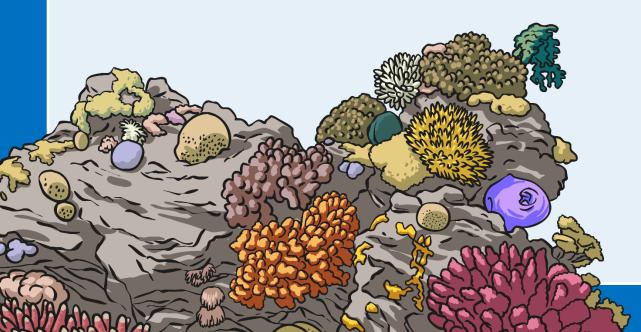
No. 13 - Climate Action

- Prepare people for the aftermath of climate and natural disasters.
- Governments should address climate change and give resources to help combat climate change.



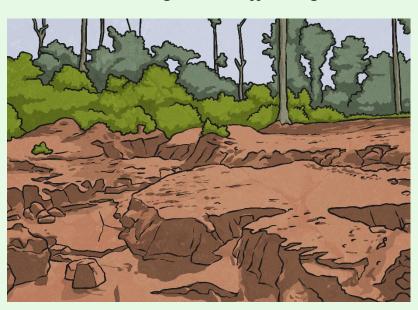
No. 14 – Life below Water

- By 2020, conserve at least 10 per cent of coastal and marine areas.
- By 2025, marine pollution will be reduced.
- Enforce laws which stop illegal fishing, overfishing, and other destructive fishing practices.
- Minimise and address the impact of ocean pollution.



No. 15 – Life on Land

- Protect and conserve ecosystems (for example, deserts and rainforests).
- Plant more trees and work to reduce deforestation.
- Protect and urgently prevent the extinction of endangered species by stopping uncontrolled hunting and trafficking.



No. 16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions

Goals:

• End violence, crime and corruption.

 End all forms of child abuse, including exploitation and trafficking.

 Make sure that everyone has equal access to justice in their country or internationally.

 Ensure all children are given an identity including birth registration which is their right according to the UNCRC.

• Ensure all people have free access to information.



No. 17 – Partnerships for the Goals

- Help all countries to meet these Goals by 2030. Each country will decide which issues are most important to them.
- Ensure each country uses their own resources to achieve the Goals. Richer countries should help less developed countries.
- Work alongside those people and charities who have been working towards the Goals for some time. Listen to their experiences and ideas!





